

MEMBRANE TECHNOLOGY FOR SULPHURIC ACID RECOVERY

“The recovery of purified Sulphuric acid in hydrometallurgical processes using Nanofiltration membranes. A boost to your bottom line and a win for ESG”

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Introduction



Omnia Group

Solution provider for chemical reagents

Expert metallurgy team

Market Facing



Process and Project Development

Technology Provider for Membrane Technology

Customised Filtration Solution

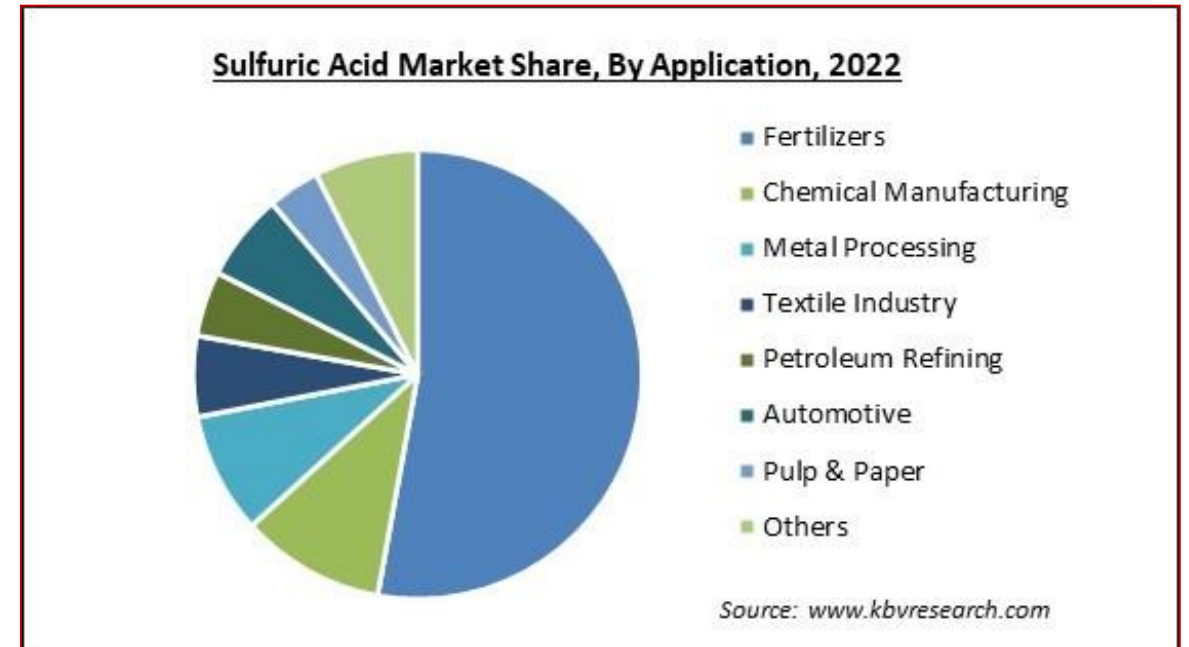
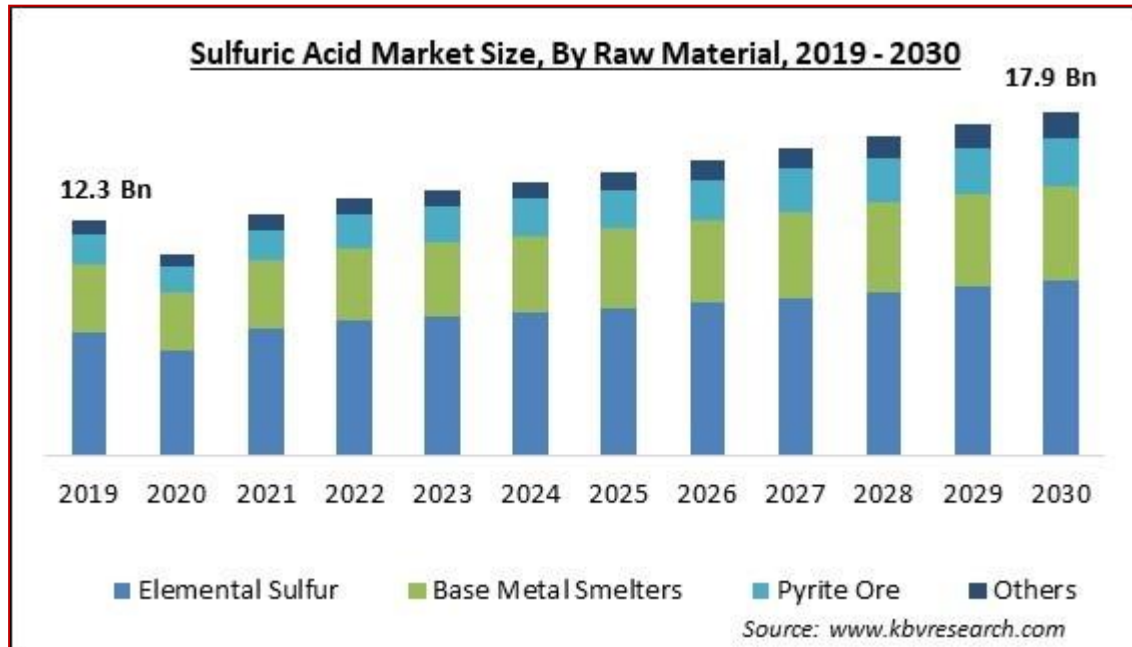
Design and Fabrication

Agenda

- 01 Sulphuric Acid Market**
- 02 Membrane Technology Principles**
- 03 Case Study - Uranium (South U)**
- 04 Conclusion**

SULPHURIC ACID MARKET

Sulphuric Acid Market



- US\$ 18 Bn market - 3.9% CAGR growth
- Indicator of economic activity
- Phosphate fertilizer market is the largest demand driver
- Fundamental and critical product across the mining industry

Sulphuric Acid Considerations

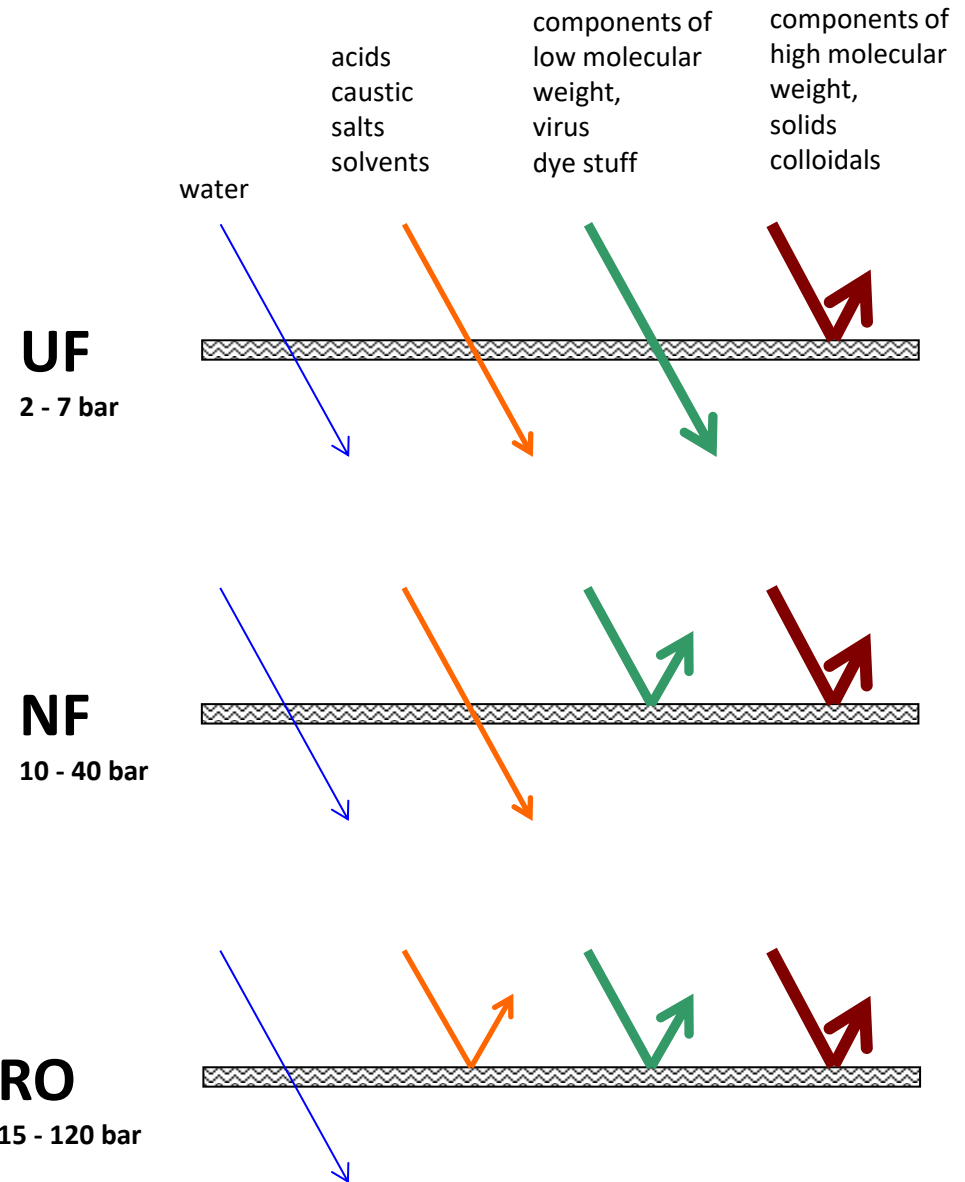
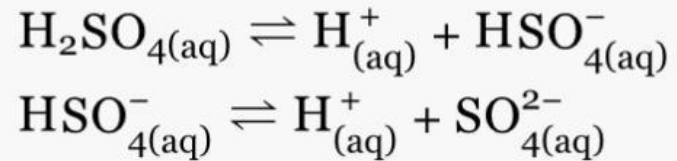
Production Method	Estimated Cost (Cost/ ton)	Sulphur Source Cost	CAPEX	Environmental Impact	Scalability
Sulphur Burn	Expensive	High 	Low 	Moderate 	High 
Pyrite Roasting	Moderate	Medium 	Medium 	High 	Moderate 
Smelter Off-Gas Capture	Cheap	Low 	High 	Low 	Limited to smelter scale 

- **Transport**
 - H_2SO_4 - Transport - \$0.15 per km - \$375 / MT
 - +/- 2.4MT GHG emissions per 2500km distance
- **ESG**
 - CO_2 emissions during production and transport
 - Waste production
- Significant cost contributor to operations

MEMBRANE TECHNOLOGY PRINCIPLES

Membrane Principles

- NF uses crossflow filtration mechanism
- Not a pore size exclusion model but a charge exclusion rejection model
- Metals and Multivalent Acids - rejected
- Monovalent - permitted



memcon



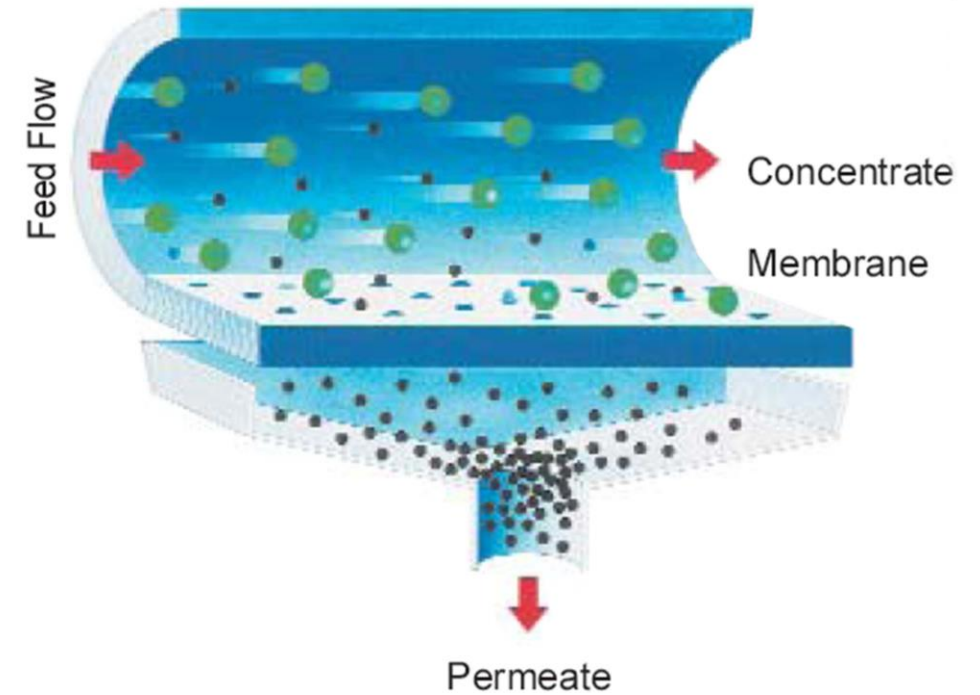
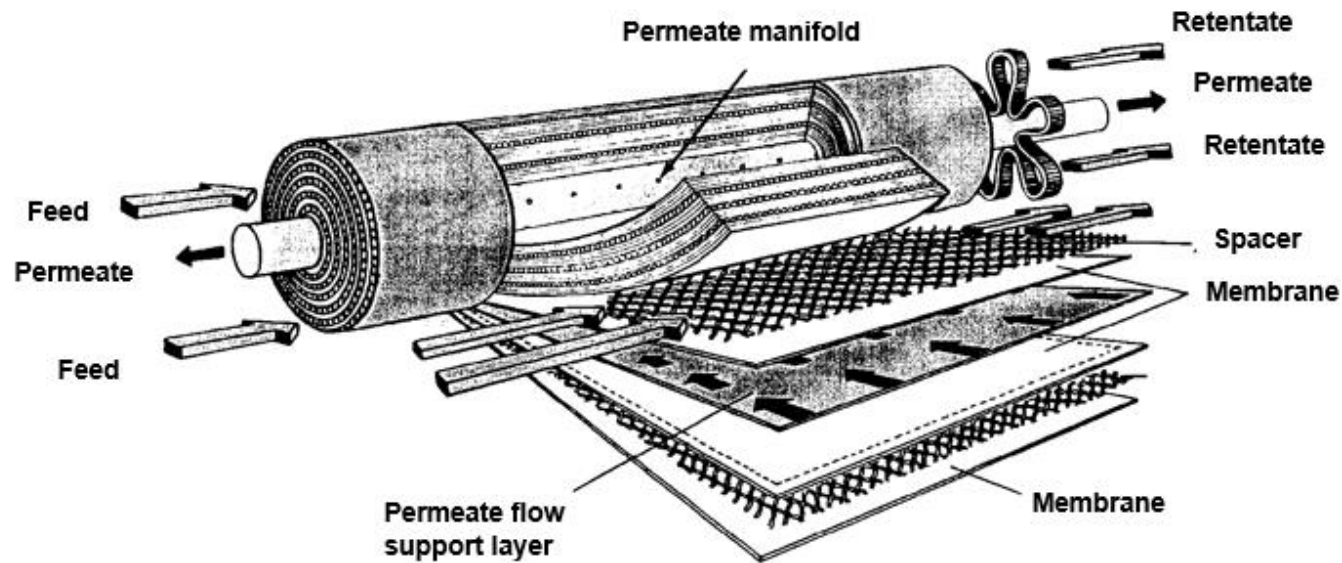
bme
METALLURGY

Membrane Mechanism

Flat sheet of the membrane is rolled into what we call a spiral wound module

Permeate stream: acid-rich, low-metal solution > the recovered sulphuric acid

Retentate/Concentrate: metal-rich waste > can be further processed or disposed off.



Benefits / Challenges

BENEFIT	DESCRIPTION
Selective Separation	Good separation between acid and divalent metals.
Compact Footprint	Small-scale modules available for retrofitting.

CHALLENGES	EXPLANATION
Limited to Dilute Streams	Best for $\leq 20\%$ H_2SO_4 ; concentrated acids require dilution.
Membrane capability	Membrane fouling and replacement frequency

Applications

1. Hydrometallurgy and Mining:

- Recovers H_2SO_4 from leachate or process solutions.
- Reduces neutralization costs and improves water recycling.
- Uranium - IX Eluate for concentration and acid recovery

2. Steel Pickling Liquors (acid + iron):

- Separates H_2SO_4 from FeSO_4 .
- Reduces acid loss and allows iron recovery via crystallization.

3. Battery Recycling / Spent Electrolytes:

- Separates sulphuric acid from metals like U, Pb, Cd, Ni

4. Other potential:

- Pre-IX, pre-crystallization concentration.
- Acid Mine Drainage

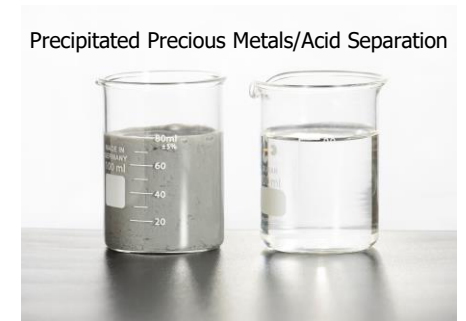
Dissolved Metals / Acid Separation



Precipitated Base Metals / Acid Separation



Precipitated Precious Metals/Acid Separation



Project Development

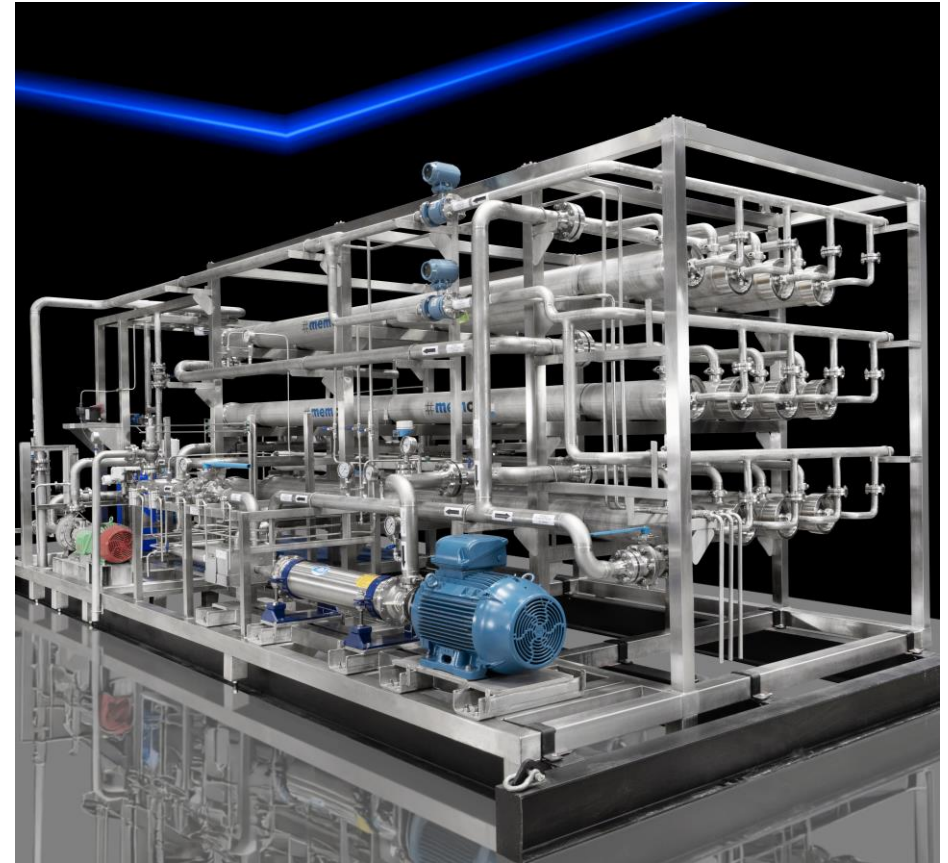
Lab-scale NF plant



Pilot-scale NF plant



Commercial NF plant



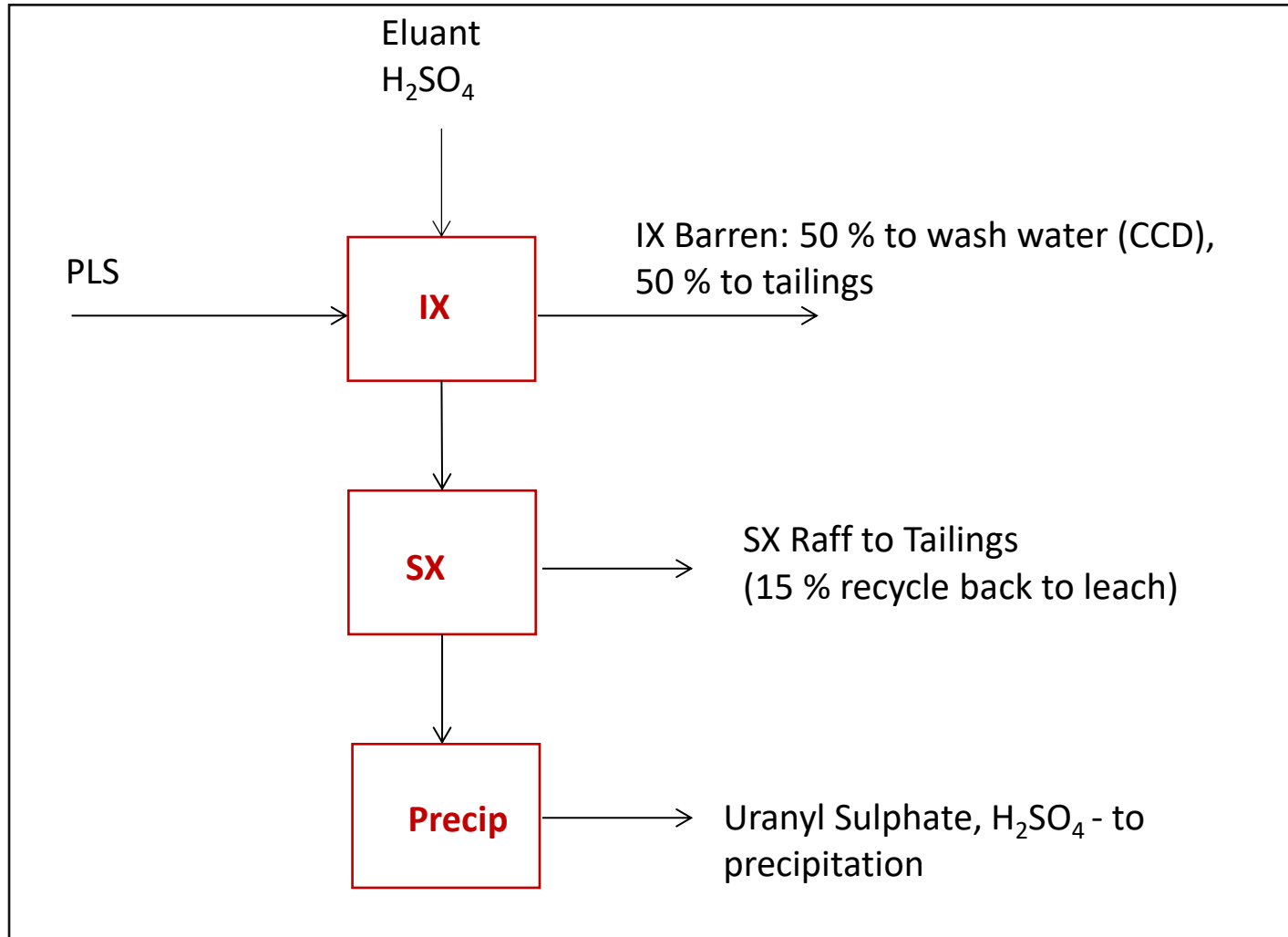
URANIUM CASE STUDY

TEST WORK

HARMONY - SOUTH U

Uranium - IX Eluate

Current Flow Sheet

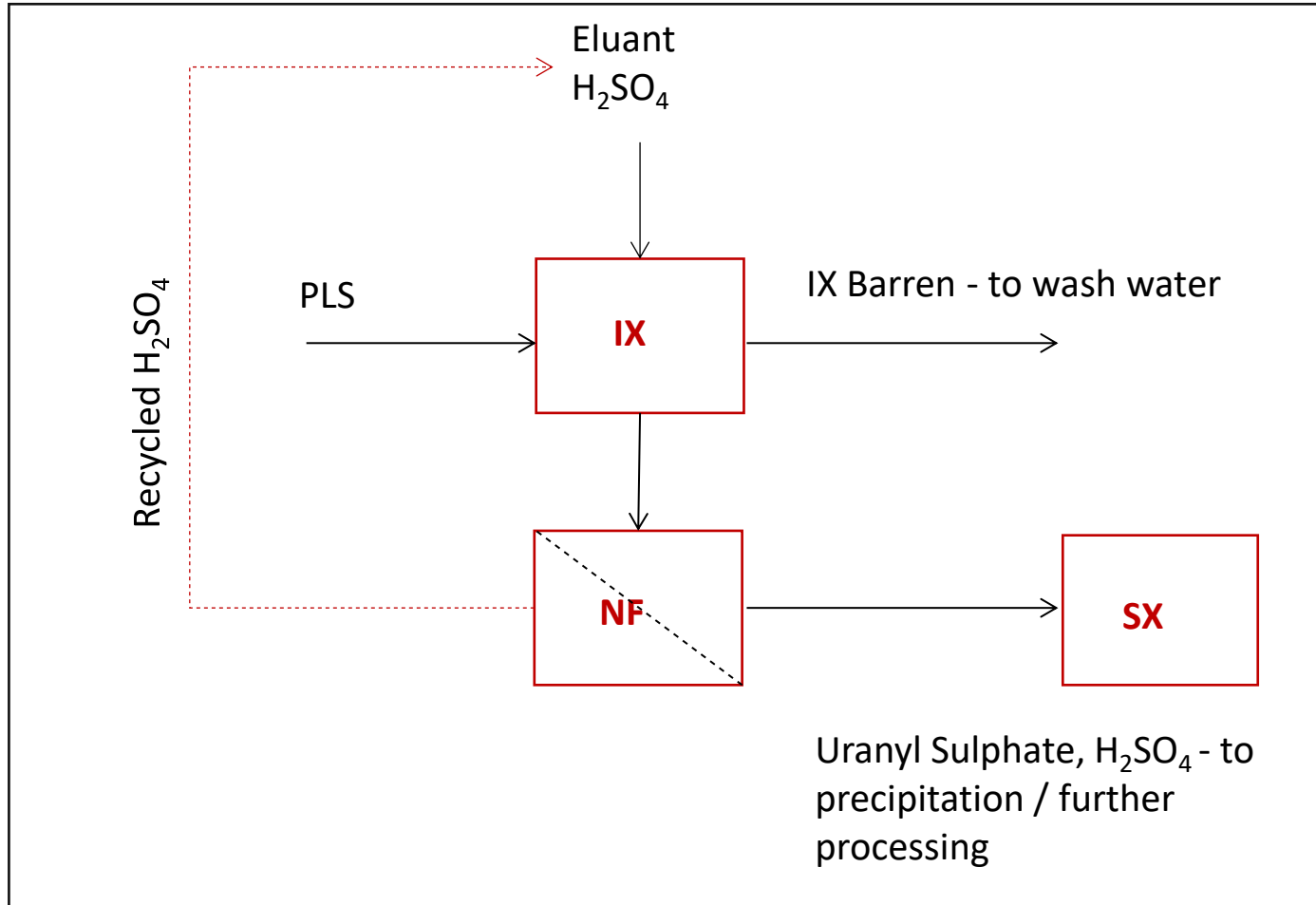


Before Implementation:

- Loss of Uranium
- Loss of H_2SO_4 reagent
- pH neutralization
- Loss of water

Uranium - IX Eluate

Proposed Solution



After Implementation:

- Recovery and re-use of Sulphuric Acid
- Concentration of IX Eluate
- Potential replacement / reduction of SX

Test Work - Results

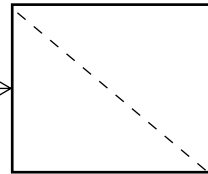
Harmony - South U
NF Membrane 1 – IX Eluate



NF Membrane – 1.5 VCF

Feed

pH	3.2
H ₂ SO ₄ (g/L)	9.1
U ₃ O ₈ (g/L)	1.98



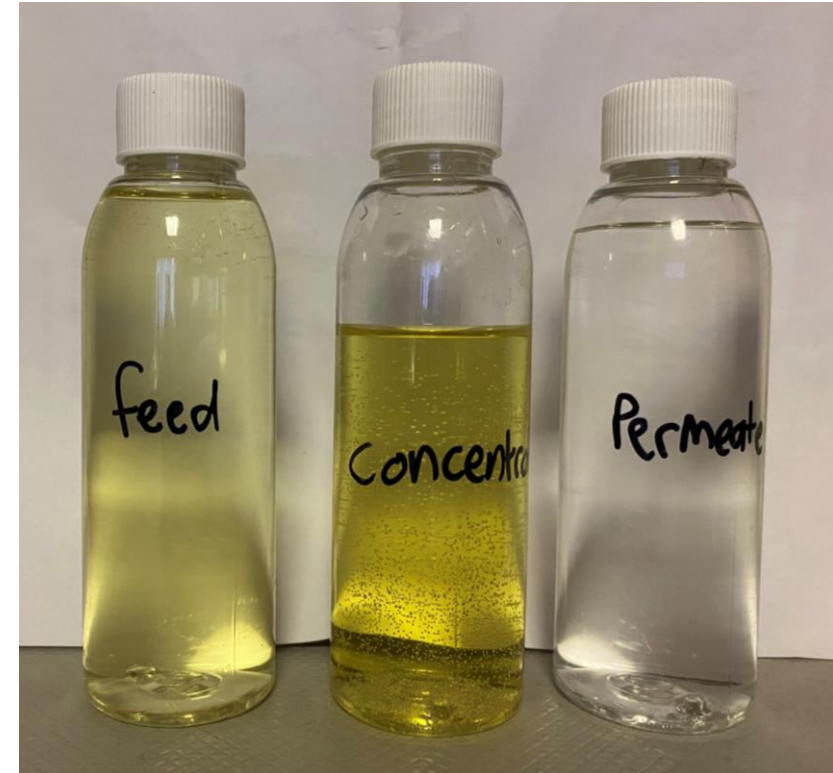
Permeate

pH	2.8
H ₂ SO ₄ (g/L)	8.1
U ₃ O ₈ (g/L)	0.057

Concentrate

pH	3.7
H ₂ SO ₄ (g/L)	8.8
U ₃ O ₈ (g/L)	6.07

*Upgrade Uranium conc – 2nd stage



Test Work - Results

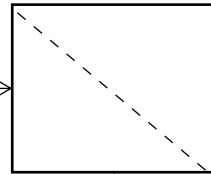
Harmony - South U
NF Membrane 2 – IX Eluate



NF Membrane – 7 VCF

Feed

pH	3.2
H2SO4 (g/L)	9.1
U3O8 (g/L)	1.98
Fe (mg/L)	720.16



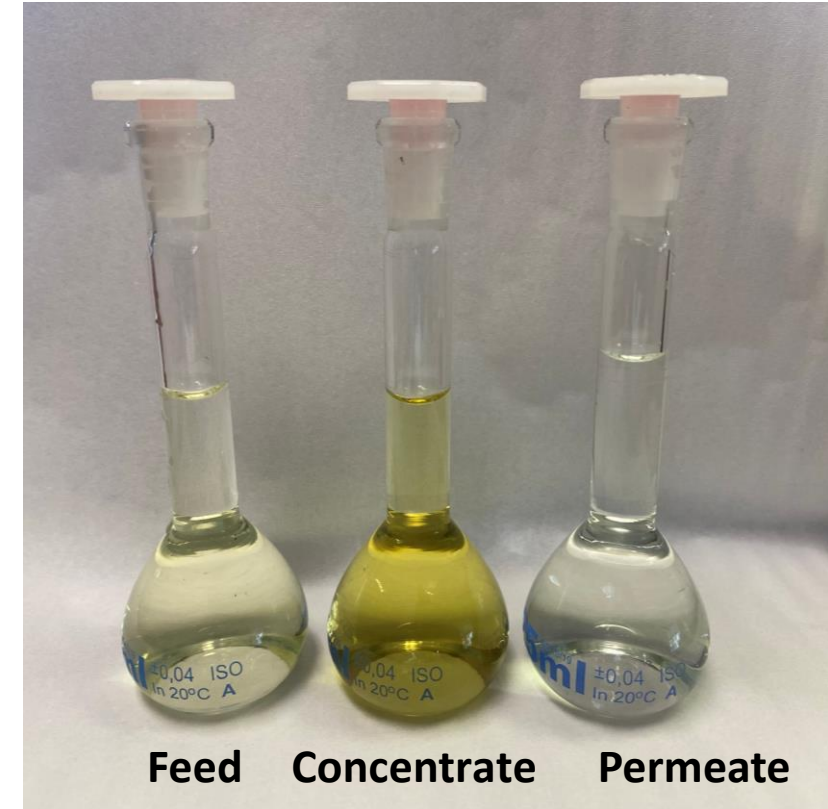
Permeate

pH	3.1
H2SO4 (g/L)	8.3
U3O8 (g/L)	0.62
Fe (mg/L)	59.15

Concentrate

pH	2.9
H2SO4 (g/L)	9.1
U3O8 (g/L)	8.08
Fe (mg/L)	3805.05

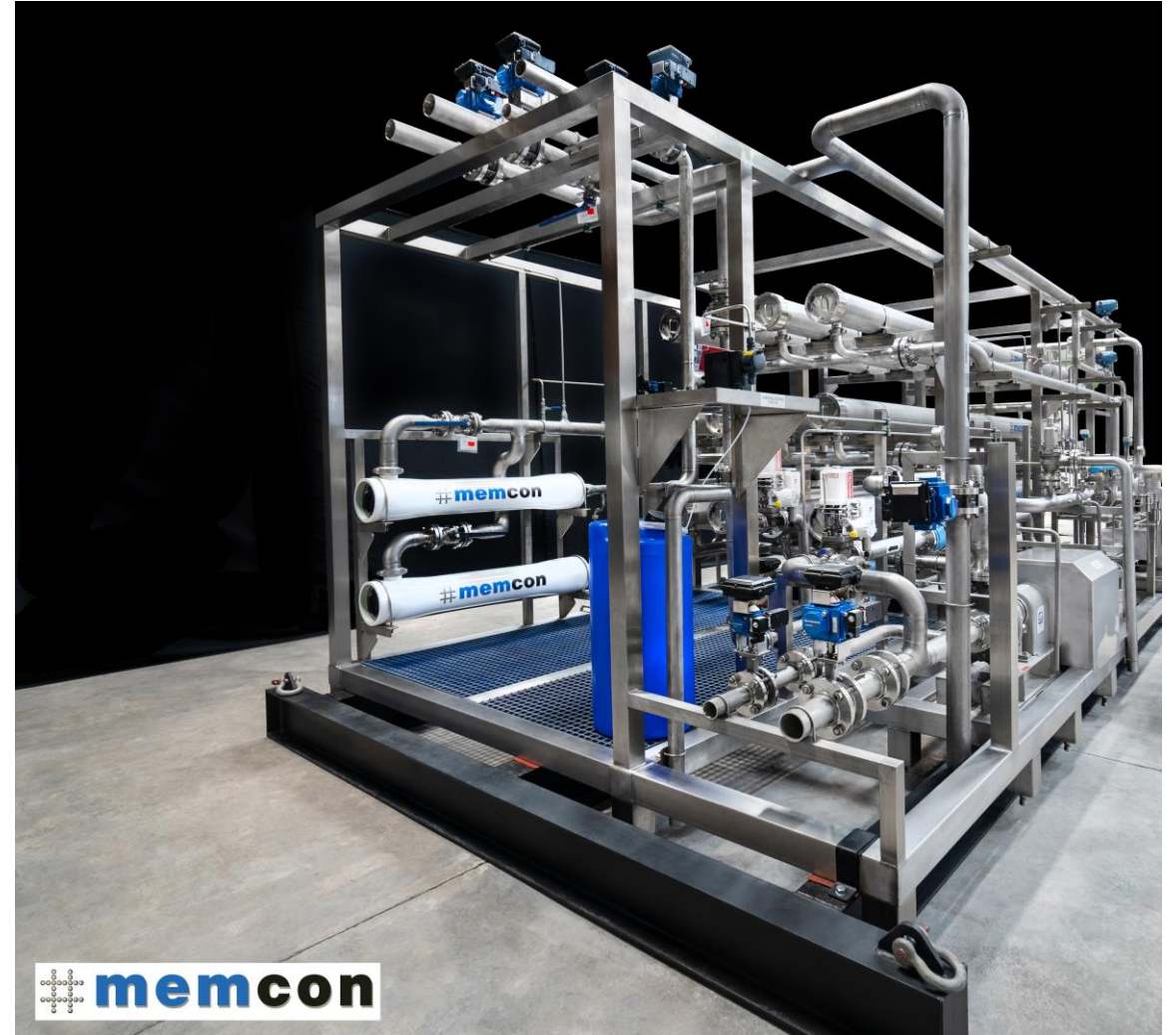
*Uranium slip – 2nd pass



Feed Concentrate Permeate

Conclusion

- Exciting technology for the mining space
- Significant potential to recover and reuse Sulphuric acid
 - In excess of 30% tons per annum H_2SO_4
 - Millions of rands in OPEX savings
- Additional benefits downstream
 - Reduction in feed to SX
 - Potential replacement of SX
 - Reduction in neutralization costs – ESG savings
- Established technology in other industries
- Applicable to other metals and processes
- Applicable to other reagents (caustic / bicarb etc.)



THANK YOU

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